

Tomás I. Gueglio Saccone

Mil Panaderos (for solo violin)

(2013-rev.2017)

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Mil Panaderos is a study for solo violin exploring limited amounts of musical material in a rather systematic way. Some of its motifs find origin in common “bravura” techniques of traditional virtuoso playing (rapid scalar passages, fast arpeggios, explosive jétés...). These are then filtered through not-so-traditional performing techniques (i.e. varied left hand pressure) and arranged according to a combinatorial formal layout. The music then wanders, switching constantly between gestures, never fully unleashing its virtuosic temperament and ends, quite foreseeably, on a question mark.

Performance notes:



Empty rhomboidal note head: Harmonic pressure. Depending on string and node, each note will “speak” differently. Those harmonics that are supposed to speak with the clarity of a standard natural harmonic are notated providing node and string number. 8va harmonics are notated the traditional way. Any superposed empty rhomboidal note heads are to be played on different strings. This superposition does not imply an artificial harmonic.



Filled rhomboidal note head: harmonic pressure muting any possible natural harmonics by “shortening” the string with other fingers. In this context, a sounding natural harmonic would be not desired. The resulting sound should be an “airy” version of the notated pitches.



Touch fourth artificial harmonics are notated the standard way, with the fingered note as a regular note head and the node to be touched as an empty note head

The piece features 5 points of contact for the bow: s.tt (*molto sul tasto*) s.t (*sul tasto*) ord. (*standard contact point*) s.p (*sul ponticello*) s.ppp (*molto sul ponticello*). An arrow in between them stands for ‘move progressively from...to...’

The duration of the fermatas is variable and left to the discretion of the performer.

Approximate duration: 6' 30" minutes

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Freely

$\text{♩} = \text{ca. } 58+$

A

Poco più $\text{♩} = \text{ca. } 64+$

Meno mosso $\text{♩} = \text{ca. } 46$

B

Poco più $\text{♩} = \text{ca. } 64$

Ancora più mosso $\text{♩} = \text{ca. } 72$

D **Tempo primo** $\text{♩} = \text{ca. } 58$

ord. → s.p.
gliss.
(♩)
ord. (long!)
pp ten. (senza dim.) f sub.
II
III
IV
gliss.
(♩ + ♩)
presto possibile ma rallentando sempre

sfp → pp

mp

A musical score for piano featuring two staves. The left staff uses a treble clef and the right staff uses a bass clef. Various dynamics and performance instructions are written above the notes, including:

- Top Staff:** s.p. → ord., flautando - , s.tt. → ord., s.p. 3 → ord.
- Bottom Staff:** ff, molto vib., III pp, mp, f, sfz mp, f, mf, IV sfz, f.

Other markings include glissandi, rallentando tremolo, and numbered boxes I, II, and III.

I *col legno* - - - - - s.p. → ord.

J *col legno* - - - - - ord. → s.p.

s.t. → s.p. * highest note poss. on II. ord. (long!) ord.

presto possibile ma rallentando sempre (senza dim.) ff sub. sfz

s.p. II - - - - - flautando - - - - - Meno mosso ♩ = ca. 46 s.p. s.p.p.

f o--f p=o p=p mp pp delicate ff ff molto vib. o--ff o--ff

III col legno IV s.t. ord. K ord. s.t. s.p. s.p. ord. s.t. ord. s.t.

pp delicate p=espressivo mp mf o--f pp sfz o--f pp

flautando - - - - - ord. III pizz (thumb) - - - - - L arco s.p. s.t. → ord. III ord. → s.p. III s.t. → ord. I

o--ff o--ff p(molto vib.- like a lute) o--f mp=pp mp o--ff p o--o f o

Ancora meno mosso ♩ = ca. 62- 66

Meno mosso e rallentando - ♩ = ca. 50- 54

IV ord. II col legno IV - - - - - pp lontano